KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER: YEAR 3/4

Unit: Changes in Britain – The Stone Age to the Iron Age – Communication *Explaining Clearly*

800,000 BCE Earliest human footprints in Britain.	**400,000 BCE** Earliest hearth in Britain.	**10,000 BCE** End of last Ice Age.	**6000 BCE** Land bridge to Europe flooded.	**4000 BCE** Adoption of agriculture.	**3000 BCE** Stone Henge started	**3000 BCE** Skara Brae built.	**2300 BCE** Bronze working introduced.	**1600 BCE** Stone henge abandoned.	**1500 BCE** Villages and mixed farming.	**1200 BCE** First hill forts.	**800 BCE** Iron Working introduced.	**120 BCE** Coins introduced from Europe.	**54 BCE** First Roman invasion by Julius Caesar.	**43 AD** Second Roman invasion by Claudius.

KEY VOCABULARY

- **Prehistory –** the time before written records. Prehistory in Britain ends with the Roman invasion in AD43.
- **Hunter-gatherer** – humans used to be nomadic and would get food by either hunting, fishing or harvesting wild food.
- **Nomadic** – a lifestyle which involves moving frequently from place to place.
- **Stone Age** – a prehistoric period where weapons and tools were made of stone.
- **Bronze Age** – the prehistoric period which follows the Stone Age where weapons and tools were made of bronze.
- **Iron Age** – the prehistoric period which follows the Bronze Age, where weapons and tools were made of iron.
- **Agriculture** – the practice of farming by growing crops and raising animals.

KEY FACTS

- The Stone, Bronze and Iron ages cover approximately 98% of human history.
- Human Beings (Homo Sapiens) evolved during this time.
- People were able to travel to Britain via a land bridge which they would have walked over. It last flooded around 8000 years ago and now forms the English Channel and part of the North Sea.
- Significant discoveries and inventions happened during the period such as the creation of fire, metalworking, farming and the wheel.
- The Stone Age is the longest of the 3 Ages and is split into 3 smaller phases.
    - The Paleolithic – to 10 000 BCE
    - The Mesolithic – to 4000 BCE
    - The Neolithic – to 2300 BCE.

What evidence do we have from this time period and what does it tell us?

				
Stonehenge	Amesbury Archer	Human Footprints	Roundhouse Post Holes	Stone Age Flints